EAST Search History

EAST Search History (Interference)

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
	0	disordered breathing in a patient with sleep disordered breathing) and (implanting a device in a patient) and (determining the likelihood of said patient being asleep) and (delivering treatment so as to prevent airway collapse if said patient is likely to be asleep) and (determining the presence of an obstruction in said patient's airway) and (if an obstruction is present increasing said treatment until said obstruction is present increasing said treatment until said obstruction is no longer present) and (wherein said device includes a stimulator for providing electrical stimulation to afferent nerves) and (a postural sensor to sense said patient's postural state) and (a real time clock) and (a detector to detect transthoracic	USPAT; UPAD	SAME	ON	2009/11/18 16:32

	. ,	
impedance changes		
by emitting high		
frequency electrical		
pulses to traverse		
the transthoracic		
cavity) and		
(calculating		
instantaneous		
transthoracic		
impedance across		
said transthoracic		
cavity) and		
(comparing said		
instantaneous		
transthoracic		
impedance to a		
recent average of		
instantaneous		
transthoracic		
impedances) and		
(said treatment		
comprises		
operating said		
stimulator to apply		
electrical		
stimulation to		
afferent nerves)		
and (said presence		
of an obstruction is		
 		
determined by		
detecting a change		
in transthoracic		
impedance) and		
(the likelihood of		
said patient being		
asleep is		
determined based		
upon the time of		
day as identified by		
said real time clock		
together with the		
patient's postural		
state as sensed by		
said postural		
sensor)).clm.		

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L2	0	((apparatus for	USPAT;	SAME	ON	2009/11/18
		treating respiratory	UPAD			16:39
		disorders in a				
		patient "with" a				
		respiratory disorder				
		adapted for implant				
		within or adjacent				
		to the base of				
		genioglossus				
		muscle) and (a				
		piezo-etectric				
		mechanical				
		element) and (a				
		detector to detect transthoracic				
		impedance				
		changes) and (a				
		controller adapted				
		to elicit vibration of				
		the piezo-electric				
		mechanical element				
		via an electrical				
		signal to prevent				
		airway collapse				
		during sleep) and				
		(to determine the				
		presence of an				
		obstruction) and (to				
		adjust said				
		vibration upon the				
		presence of an				
		obstruction) and (a				
		real time clock for				
		determining time of				
		day) and (a				
		postural sensor for				
		sensing postural				
		state) and (wherein				
		said piezo-etectric				
		mechanical element				
		is vibrated only for				
		combinations of				
		time of day and				
		postural state that indicate that said				
		patient is likely to				
		be asleep) and (if				
		an obstruction is				
		present increasing				
		said treatment until				
3 \$	1	Said Hoadilloile ailtii	§	i ₹	1	1

said obstruction is no longer present) and (the likelihood of said patient being asleep is determined based upon the time of day as identified by said real time clock together "with" the patient's postural state) and (said detector detects transthoracic impedance changes by emitting high frequency electrical pulses to traverse the transthoracic cavity) and (calculating instantaneous transthoracic impedance across said transthoracic cavity) and (comparing said instantaneous transthoracic impedance to a recent average of instantaneous transthoracic impedances) and (said controller determines the presence of an obstruction is determined based upon a detected change in transthoracic		
impedance)).clm.		

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